

# The European Medical Technology Industry in Figures

2023



### **Table of Contents**

What is Medical Technology?	3
Regulations	6
Spotlight on Digital Health	8
Innovation	9
Employment	12
Companies	15
Expenditure on Medical Technology	16
MedTech Market in Europe	18
Trade in Europe	23
About MedTech Europe	26

# What is Medical Technology?



Medical technologies are products, services or solutions used to save and improve people's lives. In their many forms, they are with you from prevention to diagnosis and cure. There are three main categories of medical technologies:



• Medical devices (MDs) are products, services or solutions that prevent, diagnose, monitor, treat and care for people.



• In vitro diagnostics (IVDs) are non-invasive tests used on biological samples (for example, blood, urine or tissues) to determine the status of a person's health.



• Digital health are tools and services that use information and communication technologies (ICTs) to improve prevention, diagnosis, treatment, monitoring and management of a person's health and lifestyle.

This document addresses only medical devices and in vitro diagnostics.

There are more than **500,000 medical technologies** available in hospitals, community care settings and at home.

Medical technologies can be everyday objects such as sticking plasters, syringes, surgical masks, and latex gloves, as well as spectacles, wheelchairs, COVID-19 tests and medical apps. Medical technologies also include total body scanners, gene mutation tests, implantable devices such as heart valves and pacemakers, and replacement joints for knees and hips.

You may not always notice medical technologies, but they are always there for you.

Medical technologies provide value in different ways. They allow people to live longer and better lives, thus empowering them to contribute to society for longer. At the same time, medical technologies improve the quality of care and the efficiency and sustainability of healthcare systems.

# Regulations



In the European Union, medical technologies are tightly regulated by laws that govern the safety and performance of devices across their lifetime, before and after they are placed on the market. The European medical technology sector is currently transitioning from being regulated under the EU medical devices and IVD directives to two new regulations.

#### Classification of In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Devices

The In Vitro Diagnostic (IVD) sector is regulated by the Regulation 2017/746/EU.

Classification of IVDs is important as it determines the level of involvement by a third party (the "notified body") in assessing IVDs both pre- and post-market. This level of control generally reflects the risk of an incorrect result from the test.

Under the **IVD Regulation**, all IVDs are classified under a new risk-based classification system according to the risk the device poses to the health of the public and or an individual as result of an incorrect test result. All IVDs are classified as class A, B, C or D, with class D being the highest risk class.



#### **Classification of Medical Devices**

Since 26 May 2021, the medical device (MD) sector has been covered by Regulation (EU) 2017/745, the so-called 'Medical Devices Regulation' (MDR), which has come into full application.

Classification of medical devices drives many pre- and post-market requirements. Due to the large variety of products, the level of control made by a third-party (the "noti-fied body") before placing them on the market depends on the level of impact on the human body that their use might imply. The same notified body is involved post-market to ensure the continued safety and performance of medical devices.

Under the **MD Regulation**, MDs are classified into four classes following a risk-based classification system, which links the class of the device to the potential risk posed to the public's or individual's health as a result of a fault of performance.

All MDs are classified as class I, IIA, IIB or III, with class III being the highest risk class.



## Spotlight on Digital Health

The medical technology sector in Europe distinguishes itself through a remarkable commitment to innovation, consistently yielding a significant number of groundbreaking advancements each year. The field of digital health, in particular, serves as a catalyst for significant progress in healthcare, where both established and emerging medical technology companies actively endeavour to address the main challenges faced by the healthcare systems.

Digital health refers to tools and services that use information and communication technologies (ICTs) to improve prevention, diagnosis, treatment, monitoring and management of health and lifestyle. Digital health technologies can play a pivotal role in generating vital information and data that have the potential to improve the access to- and quality of- care, and to increase the overall efficiency of the health sector. These valuable datasets can be securely stored and accessed through electronic health records and personal devices, ensuring the seamless sharing of this information among patients and healthcare professionals, and empowering collaboration and informed decision-making.

The vast digital health ecosystem involves multiple aspects of clinical, economical, and social factors that enable the adoption, resilience, and overall innovation in the space. With sophisticated data analytics, digital health solutions and services can strengthen our healthcare systems at a time of growing shortages in the healthcare workforce, ageing populations, and rising rates of chronic conditions. In short, when used appropriately, sustainably, and fairly, digital health technologies serve as transformative tools, revolutionising the way we approach and optimise our well-being.



## Innovation

Medical technology is characterised by a constant flow of innovations, which are the results of a high level of research and development within the industry, and of close co-operation with users. The average global R&D investment rate (R&D spending as a percentage of sales) is estimated to be around 8% in the medical technology sector<sup>2</sup>. Products typically have a lifecycle of only 18-24 months before an improved product becomes available.

In 2022, more than 15,600 patent applications were filed with the European Patent Office (EPO) in the field of medical technology, representing a 1.3% growth in patent applications compared to the previous year<sup>3</sup>. The medical technology field accounts for 8.1% of the total number of applications, the 2nd highest among all industrial sectors in Europe. 42% of these patent applications were filed from EPO countries (including EU27, UK, Norway and Switzerland), 37% from the US, and the remaining 21% originated from other countries.

In comparison, around 9,300 applications were filed in the pharmaceutical field and around 8,100 in the field of biotechnology. While over the last two decades the number of EPO filings in the field of medical technology has almost tripled, pharma and biotech patent applications remained relatively stagnant. Furthermore, the ratio of granted patents to patent applications stands at 41% in 2022. In contrast, the same ratio is circa 20% in both the pharmaceutical and biotechnology fields (Graph 2).

Patent applications in medical technology field filed with EPO in 2021



#### **Graph 1 – Top 10 technical fields in patent applications**

Number of patent applications filed with EPO, 2022 (ref. 3)





**Graph 2** – **Evolution of European patent applications and granted patents by technical field** 2022 (ref 3.)

# Employment

The European medical technology industry employs directly more than 850,000 people<sup>4</sup>. Germany has the highest absolute number of people employed in the medical technology sector, while the number of medical technology employees per capita is highest in Ireland and Switzerland. In comparison, the European pharmaceutical industry employs around 865,000 people<sup>5</sup>.

The jobs created by the medical technology industry account for around 0.3% of total employment in Europe<sup>6</sup>. These jobs are also highly productive, as the value added per employee is estimated to reach around €184,000 per employee. These indicators show that the medical technology industry has an important economic and societal impact in Europe.

850,000+

employees<sup>4</sup>

### Graph 3 – Top 10 countries in Europe with highest direct employment in the medical technology industry

Latest year available (ref. 4)



**Graph 4 – Number of people directly employed in the medical technology industry per 10,000 inhabitants** 2022 or latest year available (ref. 4)



## Companies

There are more than 35,000 medical technology companies in Europe. The highest number of them are based in Germany, followed by Italy, the UK, Hungary, France and Switzerland. Small and medium-sized companies (SMEs) make up around 92% of the medical technology industry, the majority of which employ less than 50 people (small and micro-sized companies)<sup>4</sup>.

# 35,000

medical technology companies in Europe

-**92%** SMEs

# Expenditure on Medical Technology



In Europe, an average of approximately 11% of gross domestic product (GDP) is spent on healthcare. Of this figure, around 7.6% is attributed to medical technologies, i.e. less than 1% of GDP. The spending on medical technology is estimated to vary significantly across European countries, ranging from around 5% to 12% of the total healthcare expenditure. Expenditure on medical technology per capita in Europe is at around €312.\*



\* MedTech Europe calculation based on sources 5-9.



# MedTech Market in Europe



The European medical technology market is estimated at roughly €160 billion in 2022.<sup>8,9</sup> The top five biggest markets are Germany, France, the United Kingdom, Italy, and Spain.

Based on manufacturer prices, the European medical device market is estimated to make up 26.4% of the world market. It is the second largest medical device market after the US (46.6%).<sup>9</sup>



### **Graph 6 – European medical device market by country** 2022 (ref. 9)



### **Graph 7 – European IVD market by country** 2021 (ref. 8)



### **Graph 8 – Europe in the world medical device market** 2022 (ref. 9)



### **Graph 9 – European medical device market growth rates** 2009-2022 (ref. 9)



The European medical device market has been growing on average by 5.7% per year over the past ten years. Demand fell in 2009 due to the economic crisis, resulting in a growth rate of only 1% (the lowest in 14 years). The market regained its momentum in 2010, and since then the annual growth rate has varied between 2.4% (2017) and 9.3% (2015), reaching 11.4% in 2022, despite serious disruptions caused by the pandemic.<sup>9</sup>

### Graph 10 – European IVD market growth rates 2010-2022 (ref. 8)



Demand fell in 2009 due to the economic crisis, resulting in a growth rate of only 1%. The market recovered for European IVD market has been 4.3% on average, hitting the record 43% in 2021, followed by a steep decline in 2022\*.

\*Provisional data has been used for 2022.

COVID-19 affected the medical technology industry in several ways. Postponement of elective surgeries across EU countries in 2020 led to deferred patient care within the Orthopaedics and Dental fields. In 2022, the industry managed to overcome most of the disruptions caused by the pandemic and return to pre-COVID-19 growth rates.

On the other end of the spectrum, during the pandemic, sales of IVDs (e.g. PCR tests), patient aids (artificial respiration apparatus such as ventilators) and consumables (e.g. nasal cannulae, syringes, surgical gloves) increased significantly, as these medical technologies were essential to the special care that severe COVID-19 patients require. In 2022, the IVD segment started returning to its natural level.



### **Graph 11 - European medical technology growth rates by sectors** 2018-2022 (ref. 9)

Consumables growth 💻 Diagnostic imaging growth 🔳 Other medical devices growth 📕 Orthopaedics & prosthetics growth 📕 Dental products growth 🔳 Patient aids growth

## Trade in Europe



Estimation of Europe's trade surplus in 2022

Europe has a positive medical devices trade balance of 5,2 billion EUR in 2022 vs 4,8 billion EUR in 2021.\* The main European medical device trade partners remain the same as in previous years: the US, China, Japan and Mexico.<sup>10</sup>

\*data has been revised after changes in the Harmonized System, methodology and reporting procedures in the data source.













#### **Graph 15 – Medical devices trade balance by country** Including intra-community trade, million euros, 2022 (ref. 10)



## About MedTech Europe

MedTech Europe is the European trade association for the medical technology industry including diagnostics, medical devices and digital health. Our members are national, European and multinational companies as well as a network of national medical technology associations who research, develop, manufacture, distribute and supply health-related technologies, services and solutions.

MedTech Europe's mission is to make innovative medical technology available to more people while helping healthcare systems move towards a sustainable path. MedTech Europe encourages policies that help the medical technology industry meet Europe's growing healthcare needs and expectations. It also promotes medical technology's value for Europe focusing on innovation and stakeholder relations, using economic research and data, communications, industry events and training sessions.

MedTech Europe's Facts & Figures publication is an annually updated report with robust industry data compiled from multiple sources. It is an essential source of data for international stakeholders seeking an up-to-date view of industry innovation and employment, SME activity, expenditure on medical technology, trade flows and market size in Europe.

#### Schedule MedTech Europe from diagnosis to cure

#### Scope of this report

- In this report Europe refers to EU27, Norway, Switzerland and the United Kingdom, unless specified otherwise.
- The Innovation chapter defines medical technology following the methodology of the World Intellectual Property Organization (based on the WIPO IPC-Technology concordance as revised in August 2014). Patents are attributed to the country of residence of the applicant. EPO countries refer to the 38 member states of the European Patent Organisation.
- The Employment and Companies chapters are based on data from the annual surveys MedTech Europe carries out among its member National Associations. The most recent survey was finalised in March 2022. Figures refer to the latest year available. An enterprise is considered to be an SME if it employs fewer than 250 persons and has an annual turnover not exceeding € 50 million (small and micro-sized companies employ fewer than 50 persons and have a turnover of less than € 10 million).
- The Expenditures on Medical Technology chapter is based on MedTech Europe calculations using healthcare statistics from the following sources: EFPIA, Eurostat, Fitch Solutions, WHO.
- The MedTech Market in Europe chapter is based on manufacturers' sales (revenue), not including margins, such as value added in the wholesaling and retailing, transportation costs, some taxes included in the final price, etc.
- The Trade chapter data refers to the medical technology products in the following categories, excluding in vitro diagnostics: orthopaedics & prosthetics, patient aids, dental products, diagnostics imaging, consumables, other medical devices (incl. wheelchairs, ophthalmic instruments, hospital furniture, medical & surgical sterilisers, ultra-violet or infra-red ray apparatus, blood pressure monitors, endoscopy apparatus, dialysis apparatus, transfusion apparatus, anaesthetic apparatus & instruments).

#### References

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2) Evaluate MedTech, 2018, World Preview 2018, Outlook to 2024.

3) European Patent Office (EPO), 2023, Patent Index 2022.

4) MedTech Europe, 2022, National Associations Survey.

5) EFPIA, 2022, The Pharmaceutical Industry in figures.

6) Eurostat, 2022, Employment and Population Statistics.

7) WHO, 2019, Global Health Expenditure Database.

8) MedTech Europe, 2022, European IVD Market Statistics Report 2022. 2022 IVD market size data is preliminary and is based on MedTech Europe Statistics Programmes

9) Fitch Solutions, 2023, Worldwide Medical Devices Market Factbook 2022.

10) International Trade Centre, 2023, International Trade Statistics – MedTech Europe calculations.

www.medtecheurope.org/datahub

